

Draft
Site-Specific Safety and Health Plan Attachment
Remedial Investigation at
Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X

Fort McClellan
Calhoun County, Alabama
EPA ID No. AL7 210 020 562

Prepared for:

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Mobile District
109 St. Joseph Street
Mobile, Alabama 36602

Prepared by:

IT Corporation
312 Directors Drive
Knoxville, Tennessee 37923

Task Order CK10
Contract No. DACA21-96-D-0018
IT Project No. 796887

February 2003

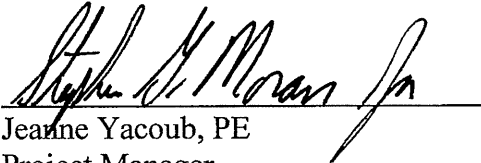
Revision 0

The following SSHP has been designed for the methods presently contemplated by the company for execution of the proposed work. Therefore, the SSHP may not be appropriate if the work is not performed by or using the methods presently contemplated by the company. In addition, as the work is performed, conditions different from those anticipated may be encountered and the SSHP may have to be modified. Therefore, the company only makes representations or warranties as to the adequacy of this SSHP for currently anticipated activities and conditions.

This site-specific safety and health plan (SSHP) must be used in conjunction with the installation-wide safety and health plan, and the installation-wide ordnance and explosives management plan, Fort McClellan, Alabama.

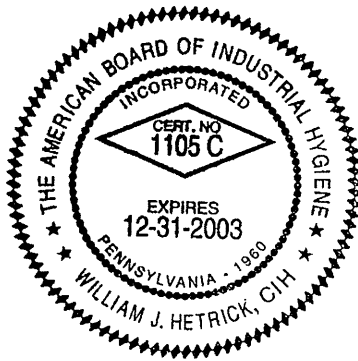
Site-Specific Safety and Health Plan Attachment Approval Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama

I have read and approve this site-specific safety and health plan attachment for the remedial investigation at the Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X, Fort McClellan, Alabama, with respect to project hazards, regulatory requirements, and IT Corporation procedures.

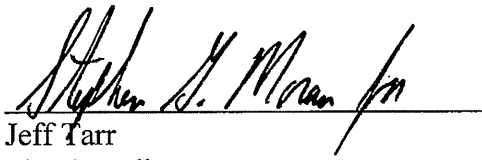

Jeanne Yacoub, PE
Project Manager

2/20/03
Date


Bill Hetrick, CIH
Health & Safety Manager



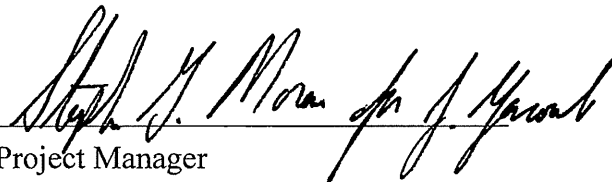
2/17/03
Date


Jeff Tarr
Site Coordinator

2/20/03
Date

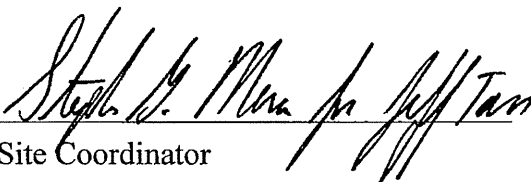
Acknowledgments


The final approved version of this site-specific safety and health plan (SSHP) attachment for the remedial investigation at the Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X, Fort McClellan Alabama, has been provided to the site coordinator. I acknowledge my responsibility to provide the site coordinator with the equipment, materials, and qualified personnel to implement fully all safety requirements in this SSHP attachment. I will formally review this plan with the health and safety staff every six months until project completion.


Project Manager


Date

I acknowledge receipt of this SSHP attachment from the project manager, and that it is my responsibility to explain its contents to all site personnel and cause these requirements to be fully implemented. Any change in conditions, scope of work, or other change that might affect worker safety requires me to notify the project manager and the health and safety manager.


Site Coordinator


Date

Site-Specific Safety and Health Plan Acknowledgment Form

I have been informed of and will abide by the procedures set forth in this SSHP attachment for the remedial investigation at the Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X, Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama.

Printed Name

Signature

Representing

DateThis image shows a full page of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page, providing a template for writing or drawing. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the page.

Fort McClellan Gate Hours

Baltzell Gate	Baltzell Road. Open 24 hours daily, 7 days a week.
Galloway Gate	Galloway Road. Open 6 am to 6 pm Monday through Friday.

Fort McClellan Project Emergency Contacts

Range Control Office (Main Post).....	(256) 848-6772
Fire Department (off post)	911
Ambulance (off post)	911
Regional Medical Center	(256) 235-5121
DOD Guard Force (Mr. Bolton)	(256) 848-5680, 848-4732
Anniston Police Department	(256) 238-1800
Chemical Agent Emergencies.....	(256) 895-1598
(Mike Smith, CEHNC)	cell phone (256) 759-3931
UXO Emergencies	(256) 895-1598
(Mike Smith, CEHNC)	cell phone (256) 759-3931
UXO Nonemergencies/Reporting Only (Ronald Levy)	(256) 848-6853
National Response Center & Terrorist Hotline.....	(800) 424-8802
Poison Control Center	(800) 222-1222
EPA Region IV	(404) 562-8725
Ronald Levy, BRAC Environmental Coordinator, FTMC Transition Force	(256) 848-6853
Lisa Holstein, FTMC Transition Force.....	(256) 848-7455
Lee Coker, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Mobile District.....	(251) 690-3099
Phillip Stroud, Alabama Department of Environmental Management.....	(334) 270-5646
Doyle Brittain, EPA Region IV	(404) 562-8259
Ross McCollum, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Mobile District.....	(251) 690-3113
Mike Moore, Fort McClellan Safety Office	(256) 848-5433
Darryl Stabile, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.....	(251) 690-2784
Jeanne Yacoub, IT Project Manager	(770) 663-1429
Jeff Tarr, IT Site Manager	(256) 848-3482, -3499
Bill Hetrick, IT H&S Manager	(865) 692-3571
Dr. Jerry H. Berke, Health Resources Occupational Physician.....	(800) 350-4511

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List of Attachments

Attachment 1 – Evaluating OE/UXO/CWM Hazards in Support of HTRW Activities

List of Acronyms

See Attachment 1 of the Site-Specific Field Sampling Plan for the list of Abbreviations and Acronyms.

1.0 Site Work Plan Summary

Introduction. The U.S. Army is conducting studies of the environmental impact of suspected contaminants at Fort McClellan (FTMC) in Calhoun County, Alabama, under the management of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE)-Mobile District. The USACE has contracted IT Corporation (IT) to provide environmental services for the remedial investigation (RI) at Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X, under Task Order CK10, Contract Number DACA21-96-D-0018.

Project Objective. The objective of this RI at FTMC, Calhoun County, Alabama, is to collect and analyze samples at the Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X. Specifically, IT will conduct an RI to further determine the extent of potential contamination resulting from U.S. Army training activities that occurred at the site and to determine the most appropriate remedial actions potentially necessary. The data collected will also be compared with site-specific screening levels, ecological screening values, and background values to determine if potential site-specific chemicals are present at the site at concentrations that pose an unacceptable risk to human health or the environment. The sample media, locations, and analytical parameters are identified in the site-specific field sampling plan (SFSP).

Project Tasks

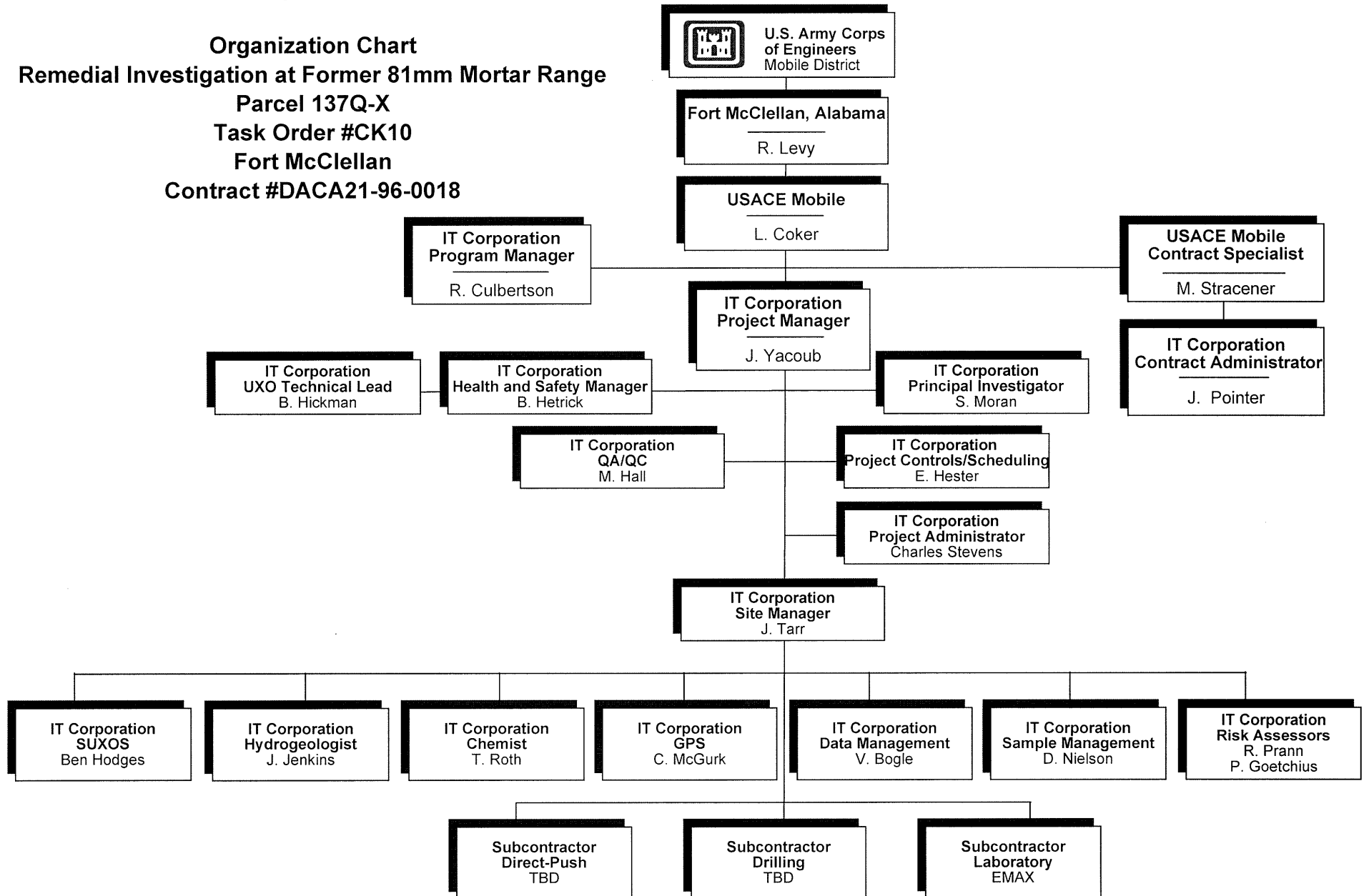
- Conduct a surface and near-surface unexploded ordnance (UXO) survey over all areas to be included in the sampling effort.
- Provide downhole UXO anomaly avoidance support for all intrusive drilling and direct-push activities to determine the presence of potential downhole hazards.
- Screening of surface soil samples using x-ray fluorescence (XRF) at approximately 80 locations within the area of Parcel 137Q-X and collection of confirmation soil samples from approximately eight of the 80 XRF locations to be analyzed for lead and copper.
- Collect groundwater samples, surface water samples, surface soil samples and subsurface soil samples.

Personnel Requirements. Up to 15 employees. See Figure 1-1 for an organization chart.

Note: All personnel on this site shall have received training, informational programs, and medical surveillance as outlined in the installation-wide safety and health plan (SHP) for site

Figure 1-1

Organization Chart
Remedial Investigation at Former 81mm Mortar Range
Parcel 137Q-X
Task Order #CK10
Fort McClellan
Contract #DACA21-96-0018



1 investigations at FTMC and shall be familiar with the requirements of this site-specific safety
2 and health plan (SSHP) and UXO safety plan attachment. This SSHP must be used in
3 conjunction with the SHP for FTMC, Alabama.
4

5 **2.0 Site Characterization and Analysis**

6 **2.1 Anticipated Hazards**

7 The activity hazard analysis in Chapter 5.0 contains project-specific practices utilized to reduce
8 or eliminate anticipated site hazards. The activity hazard analysis indicates specific chemical
9 and physical hazards that may be present and encountered during each task from on-site
10 operations. Below each task is a list of hazards and specific actions that will be taken to control
11 the respective hazards. These control measures may include work practice controls, engineering
12 controls, and/or use of appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).
13
14

15 Parcel 137Q-X falls within the “Possible Explosive Ordnance Impact Areas” shown on Plate 10
16 of the *September 2001 Archives Search Report, Maps, Revision 1, Fort McClellan, Anniston,*
17 *Alabama*; therefore, UXO surface sweeps and downhole surveys of all intrusive activities will be
18 required to support field activities this site, including XRF grid node sampling. The surface
19 sweeps and downhole surveys will be conducted to identify anomalies for the purposes of UXO
20 avoidance.
21

22 Attachment 1, Evaluating Ordnance and Explosives OE/UXO/CWM Hazards in Support of
23 HTRW Activities, has been prepared to identify additional ordnance and explosive (OE) site
24 information specific to Parcel 137Q-X. The evaluation has determined the potential for the
25 presence and exposure to chemical warfare material (CWM) is low. Parcel 137Q-X is not a
26 suspect CWM site based on archive searches and site walks. However, based on the positive
27 identification of supertropical bleach (STB) drums in the trench at Parcel 137Q-X, there is the
28 potential for CWM training to have occurred at this site. STB is an agent for the
29 decontamination of CWM. Therefore, emergency escape/egress supplied air respirator packs
30 shall be utilized for shallow subsurface sampling using direct push equipment.
31

32 Although the evaluation has determined the potential for exposure to CWM is low, supplied air
33 emergency escape/egress packs will be worn concurrent with the UXO downhole monitoring to a
34 minimum intrusive depth of 12 feet below ground surface. Beyond the 12 foot depth the UXO
35 magnetometer use is discontinued because the likelihood of any ordnance and explosives at that
36 depth or deeper is remote and not probable. Beyond the 12-foot depth, concurrent with the

1 discontinuation of downhole magnetometer monitoring, egress units may be removed from the
2 wearer but must remain operational and accessible to the employee in the event they may be
3 required. It is not suitable to place the units on the ground or commingled with other equipment.
4 The units must be kept in the immediate area of the employee(s) who would use them. In
5 addition, if concurrent and adjacent intrusive activities (e.g., multiple drill rigs) require
6 emergency escape respirators, or the site safety and health officer (SSHO) and task geologist
7 determine the intrusive activity is in previously disturbed soil (e.g., burial site or landfill) the use
8 of the units will be required by all personnel regardless of the depth or until all operations have
9 reached a depth greater than 12 feet or native nondisturbed soil is encountered.

10
11 Table 2-1 contains chemicals for employee exposure concern identified in the previous sampling
12 events at the Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X. Inclusion in Table 2-1 is for
13 information and hazard communication purposes and does not imply a significant potential
14 exposure for any given material or chemical.

15
16 Radiation hazards are not anticipated from previous site activities at the Former 81mm Mortar
17 Range, Parcel 137Q-X. However, the field screening to determine the horizontal extent of the
18 presence of lead and copper in surface soil using the NITON XRF instrument requires general
19 radiation awareness training. The XRF contains a cadmium ¹⁰⁹, americium ²⁴¹, and iron ⁵⁵
20 sealed radioactive sources. Operators of the XRF shall be trained in the safe use of the
21 instrument and follow all required manufacturers instructions. Leak detection testing within the
22 last six months shall be performed on the XRF and certificates of analysis included in the
23 shipping container. Required licensing documentation and storage requirements shall be
24 enforced. Exposure to radiation is related to three factors: time, distance and shielding. Human
25 exposure to radiation is typically measured in rems, or in one-thousandths of a rem, called
26 millirems (mR). The allowable limit in the U.S. for occupational exposure is 5,000 mR/year for
27 a whole-body and 50,000 mR for shallow penetration of extremities. Exposure from a properly-
28 used NITON will be less than 50 mR per year, even if the instrument is used 2,000 hours per
29 year.

30 31 **2.2 General Site Information**

32
33 **Duration of Planned Employee Activity.** Employee activity duration is anticipated to be
34 one month.

Table 2-1

**Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals
Remedial Investigation at Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 1 of 4)

Substance [CAS]	IP ^a (eV)	Odor Threshold (ppm)	Route ^b	Symptoms of Exposure	Treatment	TWA ^c	STEL ^d	Source ^e	IDLH (NIOSH) ^f
Arsenic [7440-38-2]	NA	NA	Inh Ing Con	Cough, diarrhea, shortness of breath, vomiting, grey skin. Redness	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	0.01 mg/m ³ 0.01 mg/m ³	(Ca) 0.002 mg/m ³	PEL TLV REL	5 mg/m ³
Antimony [7440-36-0]	NA	NA	Inh Ing Con	Coughing, abdominal pain, burning sensation, vomiting, diarrhea,	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow : Immediate medical attention	0.5 mg/m ³ 0.5 mg/m ³ 0.5 mg/m ³		PEL TLV REL	50 mg/m ³
Barium [7440-39-3]	NA	NA	Inh Ing Con	Cough, sore throat Redness	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	0.5 mg/m ³ 0.5 mg/m ³ 0.5 mg/m ³		PEL TLV REL	NA
Fuel oil (diesel oil, medium)	?	?	Ing Inh Con	Ingestion causes nausea, vomiting, and cramps; depres- sed central nervous system, headache, coma, death; pulmonary irritation; kidney and liver damage; aspiration causes severe lung irritation, coughing, gagging, dyspnea, substernal stress, pulmonary edema; bronchopneumonia; excited, then depressed, central nervous system.	Eye: Irrigate promptly Skin: Soap wash Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention Aspiration: Immediate medical attention			PEL TLV REL	

Table 2-1

**Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals
Remedial Investigation at Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 2 of 4)

Substance [CAS]	IP ^a (eV)	Odor Threshold (ppm)	Route ^b	Symptoms of Exposure	Treatment	TWA ^c	STEL ^d	Source ^e	IDLH (NIOSH) ^f
Gasoline [8006-61-9]	?	0.3	Inh Ing Con	Intoxication, headaches, blurred vision, dizziness, nausea; eye, nose throat irritation; potential kidney and other cancers. Carcinogenic.	Eye: Irrigate immediately (15 min) Skin: Soap wash promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	300 ppm 300 ppm Ca, lowest feasible conc. (LOQ 15 ppm)	500 ppm 500 ppm	PEL TLV REL	1400 ppm (10% LEL)
Lead {7439-92-1}	N/A	N/A	Inh Ing Con	Lightheadedness; nausea, headache; numbness of the extremities, muscular weakness; irritation of the eyes and nose; dermatitis; chemical pneumonia; giddiness.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	0.050 mg/m ³ 0.050 mg/m ³ 0.100 mg/m ³		PEL TLV REL	100 mg/m ³
Isopropyl alcohol (isopropanol) [67-63-0]	10.16	43–200	Inh Ing Con	Mild irritation of the eyes, nose, and throat; drowsiness, dizziness, headache; dry, cracked skin.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Water flush Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	400 ppm 400 ppm 400 ppm	500 ppm 500 ppm 500 ppm	PEL TLV REL	2,000 ppm
Motor Oil [NA]	?	?	Inh Ing	Irritated eyes, skin, respiratory system; usually only a problem if misted or ingested.	Eye: Irrigate immediately (15 min) Skin: Soap wash immediately Swallow: Immediate medical attention			PEL TLV REL	
Nitric acid [7697-37-2]	11.95	0.3–1	Inh Ing Con	Irritated eyes, mucous membranes, and skin; delayed pulmonary edema, pneumonitis, bronchitis; dental erosion.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Water flush promptly Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	2 ppm 2 ppm 2 ppm	4 ppm 4 ppm 4 ppm	PEL TLV REL	25ppm

Table 2-1

**Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals
Remedial Investigation at Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 3 of 4)

Substance [CAS]	IP ^a (eV)	Odor Threshold (ppm)	Route ^b	Symptoms of Exposure	Treatment	TWA ^c	STEL ^d	Source ^e	IDLH (NIOSH) ^f
Nitroglycerin [55-63-0]	NA	NA	Inh Ing Con	Abdominal ramps, blue lips and fingernails, dizziness, headache, labored breathing	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	skin 2 mg/m ³ 0.46 mg/m ³ skin	0.1 mg/m ³ skin	PEL TLV REL	75 mg/m ³
Portland cement [65997-15-1]	NA	NA	Inh	Fine gray powder that can be irritating if inhaled or in eyes.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Soap wash immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	5 mg/m ³ respirable fraction 15 mg/m ³ total dust 10 mg/m ³ 10 mg/m ³ /total dust		PEL TLV REL	5000 mg/m ³
Sodium hydroxide [1310-73-2]	NA	NA	Inh Ing Con	Irritated nose; pneumonitis; burns eyes, and skin; temporary loss of hair.	Eye: Irrigate immediately Skin: Water flush immediately Breath: Respiratory support Swallow: Immediate medical attention	2 mg/m ³ C 2 mg/m ³ C 2 mg/m ³		PEL TLV REL	10 mg/m ³

NOTE: Additional chemical safety information for arsenic, lead, antimony, barium and nitroglycerin follows Table 2-1.

^aIP = Ionization potential (electron volts).

^bRoute = Inh, Inhalation; Abs, Skin absorption; Ing, Ingestion; Con, Skin and/or eye contact.

^cTWA = Time-weighted average. The TWA concentration for a normal work day (usually 8 or 10 hours) and a 40-hour work week, to which nearly all workers may be repeatedly exposed, day after day without adverse effect.

^dSTEL = Short-term exposure limit. A 15-minute TWA exposure that should not be exceeded at any time during a workday, even if the TWA is not exceeded.

^ePEL = Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) permissible exposure limit (29 CFR 1910.1000, Table Z).

AEL = Airborne Exposure Limit.

TLV = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiene (ACGIH) threshold limit value—TWA.

REL = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) recommended exposure limit.

^fIDLH (NIOSH)—Immediately dangerous to life or health (NIOSH). Represents the maximum concentration from which, in the event of respirator failure, one could escape within 30 minutes without a respirator and without experiencing any escape-impairing or irreversible health effects.

NE = No evidence could be found for the existence of an IDLH (NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, Pub1998).

C = Ceiling limit value which should not be exceeded at any time.

Table 2-1

Toxicological and Physical Properties of Chemicals Remedial Investigation at Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama

(Page 4 of 4)

Ca = Carcinogen.

NA = Not applicable.

? = Unknown.

LEL = Lower explosive limits.

LC₅₀ = Lethal concentration for 50 percent of population tested.

LD₅₀ = Lethal dose for 50 percent of population tested.

NIC = Notice of intended change (ACGIH).

References:

- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Guide to Occupational Exposure Values, 1998, compiled by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.
- Amoore, J. E. Hautula, "Odor as an Aid to Chemical Safety," Journal of Applied Toxicology, 1983.
- Clayton, George D., Clayton, F. E., Patty's Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology, 3rd ed., John Wiley & Sons, New York.
- Documentation of TLVs and BEIs, American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, 6th ed., 1998.
- Fazzuluri, F. A., Compilation of Odor and Taste Threshold Values Data, American Society for Testing and Materials, 1978.
- Gemet, L. J. Van, Compilation of Odor Threshold Values in Air and Water, CIVO, Netherlands, 1977.
- Gemet, L. J. Van, Compilation of Odor Threshold Values in Air and Water, Supplement IV, CIVO, Netherlands, 1977.
- Lewis, Richard J., Sr., 1992, Sax's Dangerous Properties of Industrial Materials, 8th ed., Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York.
- Micromedex Tomes Plus (R) System, 1992, Micromedex, Inc.
- National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Pocket Guide to Chemicals, Pub. 1998, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health.
- Odor Threshold for Chemicals with Established Occupational Health Standards, American Industrial Hygiene Association, 1989.
- Respirator Selection Guide, 3M Occupational Health and Safety Division, 1993.
- Verschueren, K., Handbook of Environmental Data on Organic Chemicals, Van Nostrand and Reinhold, 1977.
- Warning Properties of Industrial Chemicals—Occupational Health Resource Center, Oregon Lung Association.
- Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels, American Industrial Hygiene Association, 1992.

1
2 **Site Description and History.** The Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X, is located
3 in the northeast corner of the Main Post at FTMC. According to the Environmental Baseline
4 Survey, (EBS) (Environmental Science and Engineering, Inc. [ESE], 1998), the range was
5 identified by the Environmental Photographic Interpretation Center (EPIC). It is visible on aerial
6 photos dated 1949, 1954, and 1961. The aerial photos from 1972 and 1984 show the range is
7 overgrown and abandoned.

8
9 The Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X, is shown on Plate 6 (1950 to 1973 Range Use)
10 and Plate 10 (Cumulative Map of All Ranges) of the USACE July 1999 *Archives Search Report*
11 (*ASR*), *Maps, Fort McClellan, Anniston, Alabama*. The ASR records that the range first appears
12 on the 1958 range map but by 1967 the range was abandoned. The history of explosive ordnance
13 used at the Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X, is unknown; however, an expended
14 81mm high explosive mortar round was found on the range during the site walk conducted to
15 complete the ASR. The safety fan for the range extends to the south and southeast,
16 encompassing approximately 960 acres on the Main Post and extending an additional 180 acres
17 into Choccolocco Corridor. The site investigation (SI) area covers approximately 41 acres of the
18 range. The SI area is the estimated location of the ordnance impact vicinity as defined by ESE
19 during the EBS. ESE delineated the area based on review of historical usage and aerial
20 photographs.

21
22 During site walks conducted by IT personnel in January 2002, an east-west trending trench
23 approximately 900 feet long was observed extending between the two secondary roads that
24 bound the east and west sides of the SI area. Within the trench were numerous surface features,
25 including several one- to five-gallon drums, metal debris, and circular pits. In the vicinity of the
26 trench were rusted STB (positively identified), possible showerheads, possible gas cans, and
27 rusted truck beds. A rusted truck with multiple holes that appeared to have been used for small
28 arms target practice was observed in the southwest portion of the site. Along the western-most
29 unimproved road were one- to five-gallon drums (some corrugated) and a rusted truck bed. In
30 the southeast portion of the site, near the eastern edge of the trench, were several surface
31 depressions that appeared to be foxholes.

32
33 Based on observations at the Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X, and review of aerial
34 photographs, the parcel boundary was relocated approximately 600 feet west of the original
35 location. IT conducted several site walks of Parcel 137Q-X, but, IT did not observe any
36 evidence of this area being used as a 81mm mortar range. The ASR did not indicate the location
37 of the high explosive mortar round found at the site.

2.3 Pathways for Hazardous Substance Dispersion

Possible pathways for hazardous substances in the area are groundwater and soils. The primary exposure routes include inhalation, absorption, and ingestion.

Site Topography and Size. Surface water at the site appears to drain to the northwest. Local shallow groundwater direction at the site is probably controlled by topography; therefore, groundwater direction in the residuum is likely to the northwest. The area of investigation covers approximately 41 acres of the range.

3.0 Personal Protective Equipment

The work activities will begin in the following levels of protection. Also, a complete description of Level D, Modified Level D, and Level C PPE is provided.

Task	Initial Level of PPE
Staging equipment and UXO avoidance on surface and shallow subsurface sweeps	Level D
Surveying	Level D
Collecting surface soil samples	Level D **
Collection of groundwater and subsurface soil samples (DPT)	Modified Level D*
XRF Screening	Level D**
Equipment decontamination	Modified Level D

*Initial level will be raised to Level C or higher if air monitoring results for volatile organic compounds in the worker's breathing zone (BZ) are greater than action levels.

**Latex or Nitrile gloves for field sampling and sample container handling

Level D. The minimal level of protection that will be required of personnel at the site will be Level D. The following equipment will be used for Level D protection:

- Coveralls or work clothing
- Leather work gloves (when necessary)
- Latex or Nitrile gloves for field sampling and sample container handling **
- Steel-toed safety boots
- Safety glasses
- Hard hat
- Hearing protection (when working near/adjacent to operating equipment).

Modified Level D. The following equipment will be used for Level D-Modified protection:

- Permeable Tyvek, Kleenguard, or its equivalent (polycoated Tyvek for pressure washing)
- Latex boot covers
- Nitrile, heavy work, or latex gloves
- Steel-toed safety boots
- Safety glasses
- Hard hat
- Hearing protection (when working near/adjacent to operating equipment)
- Emergency escape/egress supplied air respirators (soil boring activities).

Note: In addition to modified Level D PPE, the operator of high-pressure water jetting equipment shall wear metatarsal guards for the feet, leg guards, and a face shield.

Level C. Level C protection will not be used unless air-monitoring data indicate the need for upgrade; however, the equipment shall be readily available on site. The following equipment will be used for Level C protection:

- National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health-approved full-face, air-purifying respirator equipped with organic vapor/acid gas/P100 cartridge
- Hooded, Saran-coated Tyvek, taped at gloves, boots, and respirator
- Nitrile gloves (outer)
- Latex or lightweight nitrile gloves (inner)
- Neoprene steel-toed boots or polyvinyl chloride overbooties/steel-toed safety boots
- Hard hat
- Hearing protection (when working near/adjacent to operating equipment)
- Emergency escape/egress supplied air respirators (soil boring activities).

Note: In addition to Level C PPE, the operator of high-pressure water jetting equipment shall wear metatarsal guards for the feet, leg guards, and a face shield can be worn to minimize water spray to the respirator cartridges and polycarbonate lens.

4.0 Site Monitoring

The environmental contaminants of concern at the area are primarily metals. Table 4-1 contains action levels for site monitoring at the sites.

Chemical. Air monitoring will be performed by the site safety and health officer or qualified task geologist during the performance of ground-intrusive operations. A calibrated photoionization detector (i.e., HNu DL 101 or equivalent) organic vapor analyzer with a 10.2 or higher electron volt lamp will be utilized to monitor the sampling locations and BZs to determine if any organic material may be present that would necessitate upgrading of protection level. A calibrated combustible gas/oxygen indicator will be utilized to monitor the work areas and BZs during soil borings to determine if any combustible/flammable vapor levels may be present that would necessitate evacuation of the work area. If site conditions become dusty within the range fan from vehicle and equipment operation, a Miniram aerosol monitor will be utilized to measure respirable dust concentrations since lead is a contaminant of concern. Table 4-2 contains the air monitoring frequency and location for site monitoring at the work sites.

Unexploded Ordinance. UXO safety will be achieved by employing UXO specialists to ensure that field personnel do not come into contact with UXO. In areas where UXO is suspected, the UXO specialists will perform the following UXO avoidance operations.

- **Area UXO Surveys Using Magnetometers.** During this operation, UXO on the surface will be detected and marked for avoidance during field operations. Metal objects just below the surface will also be marked to indicate the potential hazard.
- **Downhole UXO Surveys.** UXO specialists will perform downhole magnetometer surveys to detect metal objects in the path of the boring apparatus until undisturbed soils are reached. The boring location will be moved if subsurface metal objects are detected.

If UXO is encountered, personnel will contact the site manager and UXO specialist immediately. Personnel will evacuate the immediate area and secure it.

Table 4-1

Action Levels
Remedial Investigation at Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama

(Page 1 of 2)

When in Level C PPE

Analyte	Action Level ^a	Required Action
VOCs (volatile organic compounds)	≥ 25 ppm above background in breathing zone (BZ)	Stop work, evacuate work area, upgrade to Level B; Notify CIH
Dust	> 2.5 mg/m ³ above background in BZ	Normal operations, initiate dust control to minimize migration.
LEL (lower explosive limit)	< 10 % LEL ≥ 10 % LEL	Normal operations Stop work, identify source

When in Level D Modified/D PPE

Analyte	Action Level	Required Action ^b
VOCs	≥ 2.5 ppm above background in BZ	Stop activities, suspend work activities for 15 to 30 minutes, if readings are sustained then upgrade to Level C PPE; Notify CIH
Dust	≥ 0.5 mg/m ³ above background in BZ	Stop work, Initiate dust control, upgrade to Level C PPE if dust control is not effective; Notify CIH
LEL (lower explosive limit)	< 10 % LEL ≥ 10 % LEL	Normal operations Stop work, identify source. Monitor for VOC's

Table 4-1

Action Levels
Remedial Investigation at Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama

(Page 2 of 2)

When in Support Zone

Analyte	Action Level	Required Action
VOCs	≥ 1 ppm above background in BZ	Evacuate support zone and re-establish perimeter of exclusion zone.
Dust	> 0.5 mg/m ³ above background in BZ	Stop work, Initiate dust control

^a Four instantaneous peaks in any 15-minute period or a sustained reading for 5 minutes in excess of the action level will trigger a response.

^b Contact with the H&S manager must be made prior to continuance of work. The H&S manager may then initiate perimeter/integrated air sampling along with additional engineering controls..

No one is permitted to downgrade levels of PPE without authorization from the H&S manager.

Table 4-2

**Air Monitoring Frequency and Location
Remedial Investigation at Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

Work Activity	Instrument	Frequency	Location
Staging equipment, surveying and UXO avoidance sweeps	OV Monitor Miniram	Initially for area As needed	Breathing zone (BZ) of employees
Sampling surface soil	OV Monitor Miniram	Periodically As needed	BZ of employees BZ of employees
Soil borings and subsurface soil sampling	OV Monitor Miniram LEL/ O ₂	Periodically As needed Periodically	BZ of employees BZ of employees Bore hole
Groundwater sampling	OV Monitor	As needed per field sampling plan	BZ of employees
XRF Sampling	Miniram	Periodically	BZ of employees

OV = Organic vapor.

Miniram = Aerosol (respirable dust) monitor

LEL/O₂ = Lower explosive limit/oxygen concentration

5.0 Activity Hazard Analysis

The attached activity hazard analysis (Table 5-1) is provided for the following activities:

- Staging equipment
- Land survey
- Surface/subsurface soil and groundwater sampling
- Direct push borings
- Moving and shipping collected samples
- Disposal of investigation-derived waste
- High pressure water jetting.

All injuries and illnesses must be immediately reported to the site manager or the SSHO, who will then notify off-site personnel and organizations as necessary.

If hospital care must be provided, the victim shall be treated at Northeast Regional Medical Center, 400 East 10th Street, Anniston, Alabama. The telephone number is (256) 235- 5121.

Directions to the hospital are provided in Figure 5-1.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Remedial Investigation at Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 1 of 14)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Initial UXO avoidance sweep and equipment staging	Slip, trip, and fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Determine best access route before transporting equipment. Practice good housekeeping; keep work area picked up and clean as feasible. Continually inspect the work area for slip, trip, and fall hazards. Look before you step; ensure safe and secure footing.
	Heavy lifting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use proper lifting techniques. Lifts greater than 60 pounds require assistance or mechanical equipment.
	Falling objects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Stay alert and clear of materials suspended overhead; wear hard hat and steel-toed boots.
	Flying debris, dirt, dust, etc.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Wear safety glasses/goggles; ensure that eye wash is in proper working condition.
	Pinch points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Keep hands, fingers, and feet clear of moving/suspended materials and equipment. Beware of contact points. Stay alert at all times!
	Cuts/bruises	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use cotton or leather work gloves for material handling.
	Bees, spiders, and snakes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Inspect work area carefully and avoid placing hands and feet into concealed areas.
	Ticks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Wear light colored clothing (can see ticks better). Mow vegetated and small brush areas. Wear insect repellent. Wear long sleeves and long pants. Visually check oneself promptly and frequently after exiting the work area.
	Fire	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fire extinguishers shall be suitably placed, distinctly marked, readily accessible, and maintained in a fully charged and operable condition.
	Hazard communication	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Label all containers as to contents and dispose of properly. Ensure Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) are available for hazardous chemicals used on site.
	Noise	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sound levels above 85 decibels (dBA) mandates hearing protection.
	Lighting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adequate lighting will be provided to ensure a safe working environment.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Remedial Investigation at Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 2 of 14)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Initial UXO avoidance sweep and equipment staging (continued)	Cold stress	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Workers should wear insulated clothing when temperatures drop below 40 degrees Fahrenheit (°F).Drink warm beverages on breaks. Refrain from drinking caffeinated beverages.Remove wet clothing promptly.Take breaks in warm areas.Reduce work periods as necessary.Layer work clothing.
	Poison ivy/oak/sumac	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Avoid plant areas if possible.Wear long sleeves and long pants.Promptly wash clothing that has contacted poisonous plants.Wash affected areas immediately with soap and water.
	Heat rash	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Keep the skin clean and dry.Change perspiration-soaked clothing, as necessary.Bathe at end of work shift or day.Apply powder to affected area.
	Heat cramps	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Drink plenty of cool fluids even when not thirsty.Provide cool fluid for work crews.Move victim to shaded, cool area.
	Heat exhaustion	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Conduct physiological worker monitoring as needed (i.e., heart rate, oral temperature).Set up work/rest periods.Use the "buddy system."Allow workers time to acclimate.Have ice packs available for use.Take frequent breaks.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Remedial Investigation at Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 3 of 14)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Initial UXO avoidance sweep and equipment staging (continued)	Heat stroke	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Evaluate possibility of night work.• Perform physiological monitoring on workers during breaks.• Wear body cooling devices.
	Contact with moving equipment/vehicles	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Work area will be barricaded/demarcated.• Equipment will be laid out in an area free of traffic flow.• Barricades shall be used on or around work areas when it is necessary to prevent the inadvertent intrusion of pedestrian traffic.• Barriers shall be used to protect workers from vehicular traffic.• Barriers shall be used to guard excavations adjacent to streets or roadways.• Flagging shall be used for the short term (less than 24 hours) to identify hazards until proper barricades or barriers are provided.• Heavy equipment shall have backup alarms.
	Forklift operations	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Use qualified and trained forklift operators.• The operator shall not exceed the load capacity rating for the forklift.• The load capacity shall be clearly visible on the forklift.• Forklift operators shall inform their supervisor of any prescribed medication that they are taking that would impair their judgement.
	Portable electric tools	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Portable electric tools that are unsafe due to faulty plugs, damaged cords, or other reasons, shall be tagged (do not use) and removed from service.• Portable electric tools and all cord and plug connected equipment shall be protected by a ground-fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) device.• Electrical tools shall be inspected daily prior to use.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Remedial Investigation at Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 4 of 14)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Initial UXO avoidance sweep and equipment staging (continued)	Extension cords	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Extension cords that have faulty plugs, damaged insulation, or are unsafe in any way shall be removed from service. • Cords shall be protected from damage from sharp edges, projections, pinch points (doorways), and vehicular traffic. • Cords shall be suspended with a nonconductive support (rope, plastic ties, etc.). • Cords shall be designed for hard duty. • Cords shall be inspected daily.
	Lightning strikes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Whenever possible, halt activities and take cover. • If outdoors, stay low to the ground. • Limit the body surface area that is in contact with the ground (i.e., kneeling on one knee is better than laying on the ground). • Seek shelter in a building if possible. • Stay away from windows. • If available, crouch under a group of trees instead of one. • Keep all body parts in contact with the ground as close as possible. • Remain 6 feet away from tree trunk if seeking shelter beneath tree(s). • If in a group, keep 6 feet of distance between people.
	Thunderstorms, tornados	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Listen to radio or TV announcements for pending weather information. • Cease field activities during thunderstorm or tornado warnings. • Seek shelter. Do not try to outrun a tornado.
Surveying	Slip, trip, and fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Site workers will be required to wear hard hat, safety glasses with side shields, work gloves, and steel-toe boots when working in the field. • Provide adequate lighting in all work areas. • Whenever possible, avoid routing cords and hoses across walking pathways. • Flag or cover inconspicuous holes to protect against falls. • Work areas will be kept clean and orderly. • Garbage and trash will be disposed of daily in approved refuse containers. • Tools and accessories will be properly maintained and stored. • Work areas and floors will be kept free of dirt, grease, and slippery materials.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Remedial Investigation at Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 5 of 14)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Surveying (continued)	Traffic accidents	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Place physical barrier (i.e., barricades, fencing) around work areas regularly occupied by pedestrians. If working adjacent to roadways, have workers wear fluorescent orange vests. Use warning signs or lights to alert oncoming traffic. Assign flag person(s) if necessary to direct local traffic. Set up temporary parking locations outside the immediate work area. Motor vehicle operators shall obey all posted traffic signs, signals, and speed limits. Pedestrians have the right-of-way. Wear seat belts when vehicles are in motion.
	Wildlife hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Workers should be cautious when driving through the site in order to avoid encounters with passing animals.
	Biological hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Walking through overgrown grass areas, watch for snakes (rattlesnakes, moccasins, copperheads).
	Ticks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Wear light colored clothing (can see ticks better). Mow vegetated and small brush areas. Wear insect repellent. Wear long sleeves and long pants. Visually check oneself promptly and frequently after exiting the work area.
	Poison ivy/oak/sumac	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Avoid plant areas if possible. Wear long sleeves and long pants. Promptly wash clothing that has contacted poisonous plants. Wash affected areas immediately with soap and water.
	UXO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> UXO avoidance monitoring will be conducted by a UXO specialist prior to beginning activities. If UXO is encountered, cease all activities, mark the location, and notify the site manager.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Remedial Investigation at Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 6 of 14)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Groundwater Sampling	Cross-contamination and contact with potentially contaminated materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Sampling technicians will wear proper protective clothing and equipment to safeguard against potential contamination.• Avoid skin contact with water.• Handle samples with care.• Only essential personnel will be in the work area.• Real-time air monitoring will take place before and during sampling activities.• All personnel will follow good hygiene practices.• Proper decontamination procedures will be followed.• All liquids and materials used for decontamination will be contained and disposed of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.
	Cut hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Use care when handling glassware.• Wear adequate hand protection.
	Hazard communication	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• MSDSs shall be obtained for chemicals brought on site.• Label all containers as to contents.
	Strains/sprains	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Use the proper tool for the job being performed.• Get assistance if needed.• Avoid twisting/turning while pulling on tools, moving equipment, etc.
	Spills/residual materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Absorbent material and containers will be kept available where leaks or spills may occur.
	Lighting	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Adequate lighting will be provided to ensure a safe working environment.
	Unattended worker	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Use "buddy system" - visual contact will be maintained with the sampling technician during sampling activities.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Remedial Investigation at Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 7 of 14)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Soil Boring and Surface/Subsurface Sampling (XRF)	Cross-contamination and contact with potentially contaminated materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Stop immediately at any sign of obstruction. Sampling technicians will wear proper protective clothing and equipment to safeguard against potential contamination. Only essential personnel will be in the work area. Real-time air monitoring will take place before and during sampling activities. All personnel will follow good hygiene practices. Proper decontamination procedures will be followed. All liquids and materials used for decontamination will be contained and disposed of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.
	Cut hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use care when handling glassware. Wear adequate hand protection.
	Slip, trip, and fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Site workers will be required to wear hard hat, safety glasses with side shields, work gloves, and steel-toe/shank boots when working in the field. Whenever possible, avoid routing cords and hoses across walking pathways. Flag or cover inconspicuous holes to protect against falls.
	Bees, spiders, and snakes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Workers shall inspect the work area carefully and avoid placing hands and feet into concealed areas. Evaluate need for sensitive workers to have prescribed antibiotic or medicine to combat onset of symptoms.
	Poison ivy/oak/sumac	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Avoid plant areas if possible. Wear long sleeves and long pants. Promptly wash clothing that has contacted poisonous plants. Wash affected areas immediately with soap and water.
	Cold stress	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Workers should wear insulated clothing when temperatures drop below 40°F. Drink warm beverages on breaks. Refrain from drinking caffeinated beverages. Remove wet clothing promptly. Take breaks in warm areas. Reduce work periods as necessary. Layer work clothing.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Remedial Investigation at Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 8 of 14)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Soil Boring and Surface/Subsurface Sampling (XRF) (continued)	Access/egress hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use qualified and trained bushhog operator. • Keep employees out of the bushhog work area. • Utilize good housekeeping practices. • Keep aisleways, pathways, and work areas free of obstruction. • Clean ice or snow off of walkways or work stations. • Use appropriate footwear for the task assigned.
	Heat rash	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keep the skin clean and dry. • Change perspiration-soaked clothing, as necessary. • Bathe at end of work shift or day. • Apply powder to affected area.
	Heat cramps	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drink plenty of cool fluids even when not thirsty. • Provide cool fluid for work crews. • Move victim to shaded, cool area.
	Heat exhaustion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conduct physiological worker monitoring as needed (i.e., heart rate, oral temperature). • Set up work/rest periods. • Use the buddy system. • Allow workers time to acclimate. • Have ice packs available for use. • Take frequent breaks.
	Heat stroke	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluate possibility of night work. • Perform physiological monitoring on workers during breaks. • Wear body cooling devices.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Remedial Investigation at Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 9 of 14)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Soil Boring and Surface/Subsurface Sampling (XRF) (continued) Moving and Shipping Collected Samples	Lightning strikes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Whenever possible, halt activities and take cover. • If outdoors, stay low to the ground. • Limit the body surface area that is in contact with the ground (i.e., kneeling on one knee is better than laying on the ground). • Seek shelter in a building if possible. • Stay away from windows. • If available, crouch under a group of trees instead of one single tree. • If in a group, keep 6 feet of distance between people.
	UXO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UXO avoidance monitoring will be conducted by a UXO specialist prior to beginning activities. • If UXO is encountered, cease all activities, mark the location, and notify the site manager and UXO specialist.
	Heavy lifting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use proper lifting techniques. Lifts greater than 60 pounds require assistance or mechanical equipment; size up the lift.
	Pinch points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keep hands, fingers, and feet clear of moving/suspended materials and equipment. • Beware of contact points. • Stay alert at all times!
	Cut hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wear adequate hand protection. Use care when handling glassware.
	Hazard communication	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Label all containers as to contents and associated hazards.
	Heavy lifting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use proper lifting techniques. Lifts greater than 60 pounds require assistance or mechanical equipment; size up the lift.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Remedial Investigation at Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

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Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Material Storage	Flammable and combustible liquids	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Store in NO SMOKING AREA. • Fire extinguisher readily available. • Transfer only when properly grounded and bonded.
Disposal of Investigation-Derived Waste (IDW) (Forklift Operation)	Personnel injury, property damage, and/or equipment damage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use qualified and trained forklift operators. • The operator shall not exceed the load capacity rating for the forklift. • The load capacity shall be clearly visible on the forklift. • Forklift operators shall inform their supervisor of any prescribed medication that they are taking that would impair their judgement.
	Cross-contamination and contact with potentially contaminated materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stop immediately at any sign of obstruction. • Sampling technicians will wear proper protective clothing and equipment to safeguard against potential contamination. • Only essential personnel will be in the work area. • Real-time air monitoring will take place before and during sampling activities. • All personnel will follow good hygiene practices. • Proper decontamination procedures will be followed. • All liquids and materials used for decontamination will be contained and disposed of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.
	Cut hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use care when handling glassware. • Wear adequate hand protection.
High-Pressure Water Jetting Operations	Heavy lifting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use proper lifting techniques. • Lifts greater than 60 pounds require assistance or mechanical equipment; size up the lift.
	Slip, trip, and fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Good housekeeping shall be implemented. • The work area shall be kept clean as feasible. • Inspect the work area for slip, trip, and fall hazards.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Remedial Investigation at Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 11 of 14)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
High-Pressure Water Jetting Operations (continued)	Fueling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Only approved safety cans shall be used to store fuel. Do not refuel equipment while it is operating. Fire extinguishers shall be suitably placed, distinctly marked, readily accessible, and maintained in a fully charged and operable condition.
	Faulty or damaged equipment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Equipment shall be inspected before being placed into service and at the beginning of each shift. Preventive maintenance procedures recommended by the manufacturer shall be followed. A lockout/tagout procedure shall be used for equipment found to be faulty or undergoing maintenance.
	High-pressure water	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Jetting gun operator must wear appropriate PPE including hard hat, impact-resistant safety glasses with side shields, water-resistant clothing, metatarsal guards for feet and legs, and hearing protection (if appropriate). One standby person shall be available within the vicinity of the pump during jetting operation. The work area shall be isolated and adequate barriers will be used to warn other site personnel.
	Unqualified operators	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Only qualified and trained personnel are permitted to operate machinery and mechanized equipment associated with water jet cutting and cleaning.
	Out of control equipment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No machinery or equipment is permitted to run unattended. Machinery or equipment will not be operated in a manner that will endanger persons or property nor will the safe operating speeds or loads be exceeded.
	Noise	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sound levels above 85 dBA mandates hearing protection by nearby site personnel.
	Activation during repairs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All machinery or equipment will be shut down and positive means taken to prevent its operation while repairs or manual lubrications are being done.
	Pinch points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Keep feet and hands clear of moving/suspended materials and equipment. Stay alert and clear of materials suspended .
	Falling objects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hard hats are required by site personnel. Stay alert and clear of material suspended overhead.
	Flying debris	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impact-resistant safety glasses with side shields are required.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Remedial Investigation at Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 12 of 14)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
High-Pressure Water Jetting Operations (continued)	Contact with potentially contaminated materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All site personnel will wear the appropriate PPE.
Drilling and Installation of Monitoring Wells	Overhead hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make sure no obstacles are within radius of boom. Always stay a safe distance from power lines.
	Faulty or damaged equipment being utilized to perform work	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All machinery or mechanized equipment will be inspected by a competent mechanic and be certified to be in safe operating condition. Equipment will be inspected before being put to use and at the beginning of each shift. Faulty/unsafe equipment will be tagged and if possible locked out. Drill rigs shall be equipped with reverse signal alarm, backup warning lights, or the vehicle is backed up only when an observer signals it is safe to do so.
	Uneven terrain, poor ground support, inadequate clearances, contact with utilities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Inspections or determinations of road conditions and structures shall be made in advance to ensure that clearances and load capacities are safe for the passage or placing of any machinery or equipment. All mobile equipment and areas in which they are operated shall be adequately illuminated. Aboveground and belowground utilities will be located prior to staging equipment. Whenever the equipment is parked, the parking brake shall be set. Equipment parked on inclines will have the wheels chocked. Inspect brakes and tire pressure on drill rig before staging for work.
	Inexperienced operator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Machinery and mechanized equipment shall be operated only by designated personnel. Operators shall inform their supervisor(s) of any prescribed medication that they are taking that would impair their judgment.
	Jacks/outriggers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ensure proper footing and cribbing.
	Falling objects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Remove unsecured tools and materials before raising or lowering the derrick. Stay alert and clear of materials suspended overhead.
	Pinch points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Keep feet and hands clear of moving/suspended materials and equipment. Stay alert at all times!

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Remedial Investigation at Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 13 of 14)

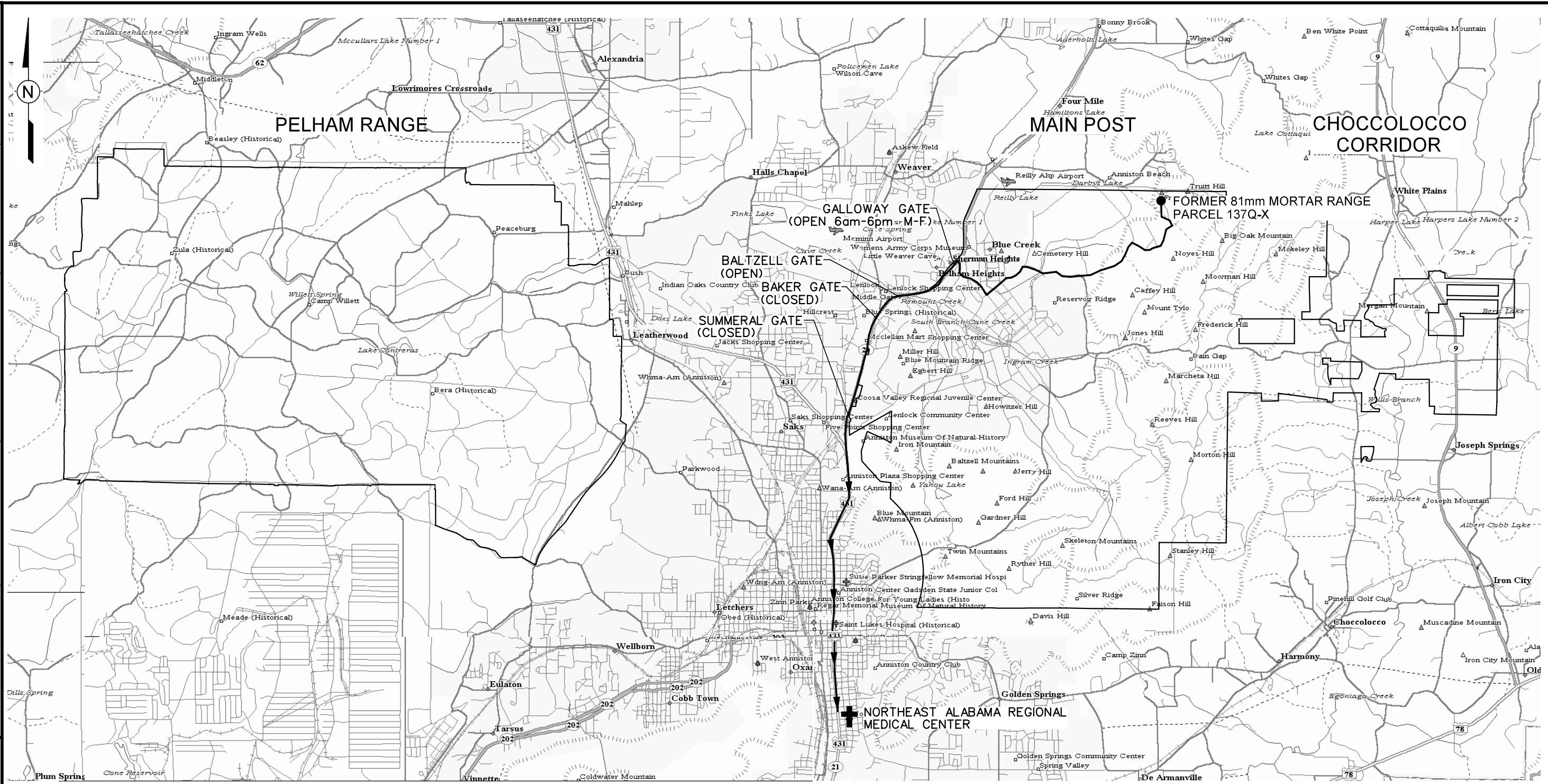
Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Drilling and Installation of Monitoring Wells (continued)	Fire	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Mechanized equipment shall be shut down prior to and during fueling operations.• Have fire extinguishers inspected and readily available.
	Fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Personnel are not allowed to work off of machinery or use them as ladders.• Use fall protection when working above 6 feet.
	Contact with rotating or reciprocating machine parts	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Use machine guards; use long-handled shovels to remove auger cuttings.• Safe lockout procedures for maintenance work.
	Heavy lifting	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Use proper lifting techniques. Lifts greater than 60 pounds require assistance or mechanical equipment; size up the lift.
	Slip, trip, and fall hazards	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Practice good housekeeping, keep work area picked up and clean as feasible.• Continually inspect the work area for slip, trip, and fall hazards.
	Contact with potentially contaminated materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Real-time air monitoring will take place. If necessary, proper personal protective clothing and equipment will be utilized.• Stop immediately at any sign of obstruction.• Do not breathe air surrounding the boring unless necessary.• Upgrade to respirator if necessary.• Avoid skin contact with soil cuttings. Wear gloves.• Stay clear of moving parts of drill rig.
	Drum handling	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Be careful not to breathe air from around open drum any more than necessary. Monitor with photoionization detector/flame ionization detector (PID/FID) equipment and upgrade to respirator if necessary.• When filling a drum (with either soil or water), be careful not to make contact with the contained waste. Wear appropriate gloves. Make sure lid or bung of drum is secure.• If moving a drum unassisted, be sure to leverage properly, use proper lifting techniques, and wear safety glasses and steel-toed boots.• When using a drum dolly, make sure straps and lid catch are securely attached. Leverage properly when tilting drum. Be sure toes stay away from drum.

Table 5-1

**Activity Hazard Analysis
Remedial Investigation at Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X
Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama**

(Page 14 of 14)

Activity	Potential Hazards	Recommended Controls
Drilling and Installation of Monitoring Wells (continued)	UXO	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• UXO avoidance monitoring will be conducted by a UXO specialist prior to beginning activities.• UXO avoidance monitoring shall apply to all intrusive activities associated with well construction completion.• If UXO is encountered, cease all activities, mark the location, and notify the site manager and UXO specialist immediately.



LEGEND:

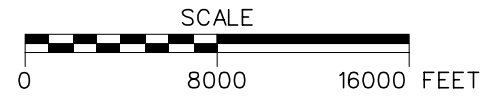
- ROUTE TO NORTHEAST ALABAMA REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER
- U.S. HIGHWAY
- HOSPITALS
- INVESTIGATION SITE

DRIVING DIRECTIONS FROM BALTZELL GATE ROAD TO THE NORTHEAST ALABAMA MEDICAL CENTER

- LEAVING FORT MCCLELLAN ON BALTZELL GATE ROAD, TURN LEFT (SOUTH) ONTO AL HWY 21
- GO ~ 2.5 MILES WHERE AL HWY 21 MERGES WITH U.S. HWY 431 AND CONTINUE SOUTH
- CONTINUE SOUTH ON AL21/US431 FOR ~ 2.7 MILES
- TURN LEFT ONTO EAST 10th STREET
- GO ~ 0.2 MILE TO MEDICAL CENTER ON RIGHT
- NORTHEAST ALABAMA REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER, 400 EAST 10th STREET
- PHONE NUMBER : (256) 235-5121

FIGURE 5-1
HOSPITAL EMERGENCY ROUTE

U. S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
MOBILE DISTRICT
FORT McCLELLAN
CALHOUN COUNTY, ALABAMA
Contract No. DACA21-96-D-0018



ATTACHMENT 1

**EVALUATING OE/UXO/CWM HAZARDS
IN SUPPORT OF HTRW ACTIVITIES**

Site Name: Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X

Job Number: 796887

Date: 12/16/02

Name of person completing form: John Ragsdale

Title: Plan Writer

Signature: John Ragsdale

1a. Have the historical records available for this HTRW site been reviewed?

Yes ☒ No ☐

If the answer to 1a. is yes, proceed to 1b.

If the answer to 1a. is no, review site information prior to completing this form.

1b. Is there recent information (site walk, worker interviews, etc.) that indicates a potential OE/CWM hazard at this site?

Yes ☐ No ☒

Proceed to 2.

2. According to the records review, is this site known or suspected to have been used for:

2a. Manufacturing, production, or shipping of conventional or chemical warfare materiel (CWM) OE:

Yes No

☐ ☒

Live fire testing of any ordnance:

☒ ☐

Conventional or CWM OE training:

☐ ☒

Storage of conventional or CWM OE:

☐ ☒

Disposal or demilitarization of conventional or CWM OE:

☐ ☒

Other (specify):

2b. Manufacturing, production, or shipping of chemical agent:

Yes No

☐ ☒

Research or testing of chemical agent:

☐ ☒

Chemical agent related training:

☒ ☐

Storage of chemical agent:

☐ ☒

Disposal or demilitarization of chemical agent:

☐ ☒

Other (specify):

Any 2a question answered "YES" indicates UXO support is required for all site activities. If all 2a questions are answered "NO", UXO support may not be required. Refer to Installation-Wide Safety and Health Plan (SHP) for additional information concerning UXO support. Proceed to question 2b.

Any 2b question answered "YES" requires the remainder of this form to be completed. If all 2b questions are answered "NO", real-time monitoring for chemical agent will not be required and completing the remainder of this form is not required. Refer to SHP for additional information concerning agent monitoring.

Additional space for notes and explanations on page 4.

Continue to page 2 of 4 –

Site Name: Former 81mm Mortar Range, Parcel 137Q-X

Job Number: 796887

Date: 12/16/02

Based on the information available for this site, including information gathered during completion of this form, the potential for CWM to be present at this site, as defined above, is expected to be: **LOW**

Exceptions/Explanations:)

5. Based on the information provided in questions 1 through 5, above, the following guidelines will be used for establishing PPE requirements for activities to be performed at this site; Specific details are provided in the SSHP:

5a. High Exposure Potential - High exposure potential is determined by evaluating the potential presence of CWM in conjunction with the task(s) to be performed, as well as the specific location and duration of the task(s).

Subject to review by the IT CIH, PPE for all personnel in the exclusion zone at a site identified as having a "High Exposure Potential" will be Level B (supplied air) or Level C (full-face respirator with HEPA/Acid Gas/OV cartridges w/ emergency egress hood) and chemically resistant coveralls. Specific PPE requirements are in the SSHP for this site.

5b. Moderate Exposure Potential - Moderate exposure potential is determined by evaluating the potential presence of CWM in conjunction with the task(s) to be performed, as well as the specific location and duration of the task(s).

Subject to review by the IT CIH, PPE for all personnel in the exclusion zone at a site identified as having a "Moderate Exposure Potential" will be Modified Level D (disposable coveralls and emergency egress hood) carried by all personnel. Specific PPE requirements are in the SSHP for this site.

5c. Low Exposure Potential - Low exposure potential is determined by evaluating the potential presence of CWM in conjunction with the task(s) to be performed, as well as the specific location and duration of the task(s).

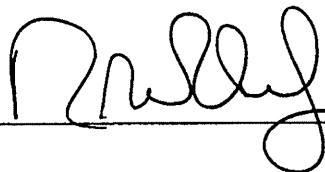
Subject to review by the IT CIH, no additional PPE requirements above those stated in the SSHP are needed for sites identified as having "Low Exposure Potential." Specific PPE requirements are in the SSHP for this site.

Based on all available information, the exposure potential at this site is considered to be: **LOW**

Exceptions/Explanations:

Review Signatures:

IT UXO Technical Manager



Date: 7 Jan 03

IT H&S Specialist



Date: 2/17/03